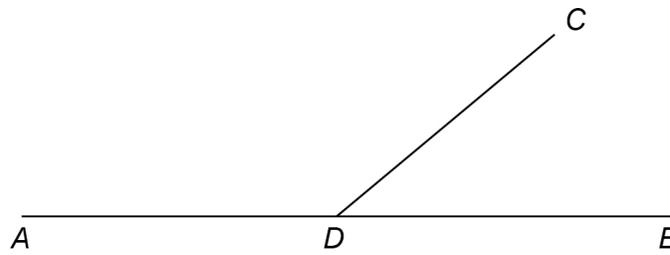


- 1 ADB and CD are straight lines.



Not drawn
accurately

$$\text{angle } ADC = 5 \times \text{angle } CDB$$

Work out the size of angle ADC .

[3 marks]

$$ADC : CDB = 5 : 1 \quad (1)$$

$$180 \div 6 = 30^\circ \quad (1)$$

$$ADC : 5 \times 30^\circ = 150^\circ \quad (1)$$

Answer 150 degrees

2

In a **right-angled** triangle

smallest angle : largest angle = 2 : 5



Work out the three angles of the triangle.

[4 marks]

$$180^\circ - 90^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$90^\circ \div 5 = 18^\circ \text{ (1)}$$

$$2 \times 18^\circ = 36^\circ \text{ (1)}$$

$$90^\circ - 36^\circ = 54^\circ$$

$$\text{(1)}$$

90

degrees

54

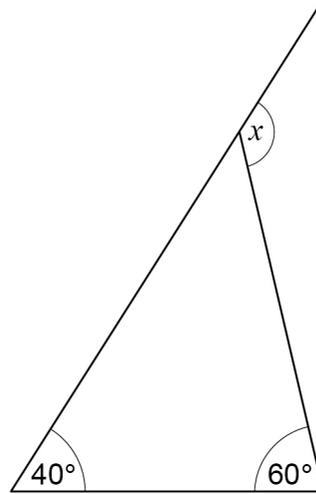
$$\text{(1)}$$

degrees

36

degrees

- 3 One side of a triangle is extended.



Not drawn accurately

Circle the size of angle x .

[1 mark]

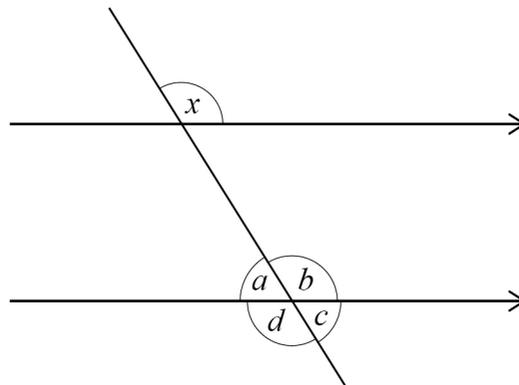
100°

80°

60°

40°

- 4 A straight line passes through two parallel lines.



Not drawn accurately

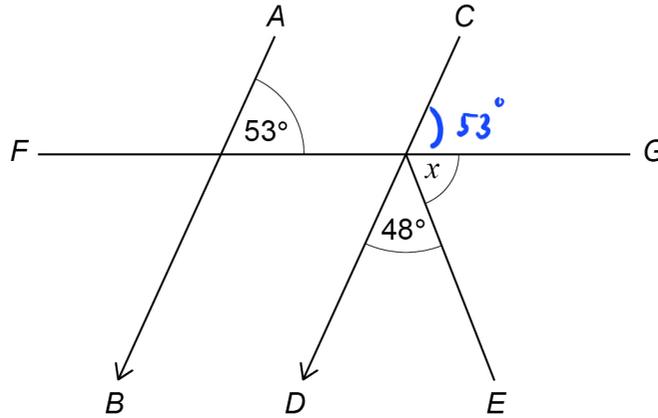
Circle the angle that is **corresponding** to angle x .

[1 mark]

a b c d

(b is circled in blue, c is circled in red)

- 5 AB is parallel to CD .
 FG is a straight line.



Not drawn accurately

Work out the size of angle x .

[3 marks]

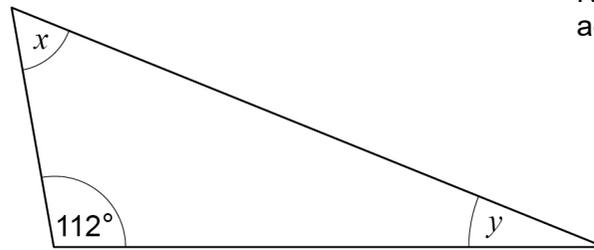
$$x + 48 + 53 = 180 \quad (1)$$

$$x = 180 - 48 - 53 \quad (1)$$

$$= 79 \quad (1)$$

Answer 79 degrees

6 (a) Here is a different triangle.



Not drawn accurately

$$x = 3y$$

Work out the size of angle y .

[3 marks]

$$x + y + 112^\circ = 180^\circ$$

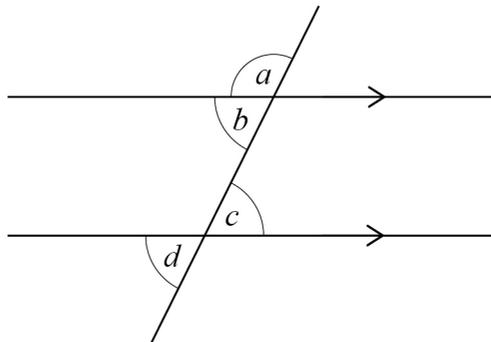
$$3y + y = 180^\circ - 112^\circ \quad (1)$$

$$4y = 68^\circ \quad (1)$$

$$y = 17^\circ$$

$$y = \underline{\quad 17 \quad (1) \quad}^\circ$$

7



Circle the pair of alternate angles.

[1 mark]

a and *b*

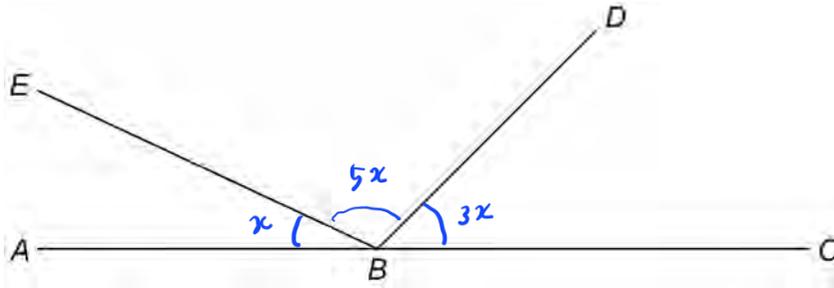
b and *c*

c and *d*

a and *d*

1

- 8 ABC , BD and BE are straight lines.



Not drawn accurately

$$\text{angle } EBD = 5 \times \text{angle } ABE$$

$$\text{angle } DBC = 3 \times \text{angle } ABE$$

Work out the size of angle EBD .

[3 marks]

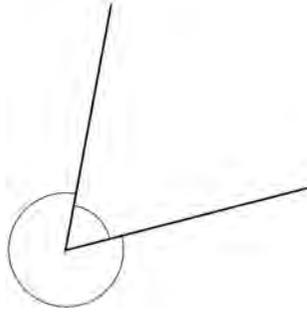
$$\text{Let } ABE = x$$

$$\text{total angle} = x + 5x + 3x = 9x \quad (1)$$

$$EBD = \frac{5x}{9x} \times 180^\circ = 100^\circ \quad (1)$$

Answer 100 °

- 9 Two angles around a point are shown.



Not drawn
accurately

The angles are in the ratio 2 : 7

Show that the larger angle is 280°

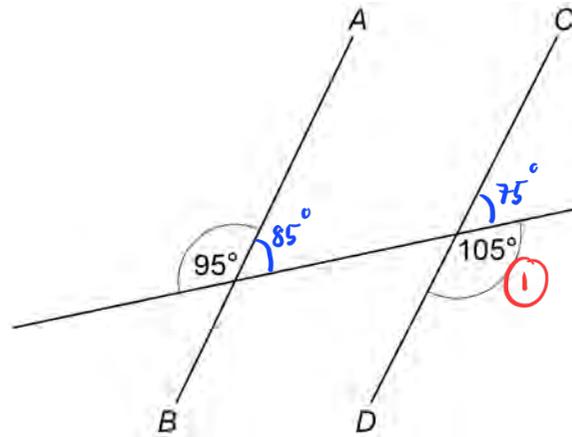
[2 marks]

$$2 + 7 = 9$$

(2)

$$\frac{7}{9} \times 360^\circ = 280^\circ$$

10 Here are three straight lines.



Not drawn accurately

Are the lines AB and CD parallel?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

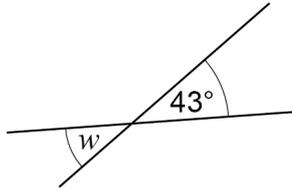


Show working to support your answer.

[2 marks]

11 (a) Here are two straight lines.

Not drawn accurately



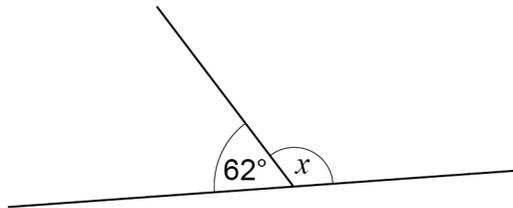
Write down the size of angle w .

[1 mark]

$w =$ 43 [Ⓛ] degrees

11 (b) Here are two different straight lines.

Not drawn accurately



Work out the size of angle x .

[1 mark]

$180 - 62 = 118$

$x =$ 118 [Ⓛ] degrees

11 (c) In a triangle, two of the angles are 51° and 74° .

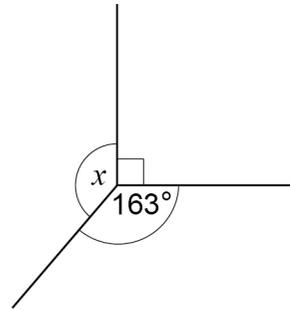
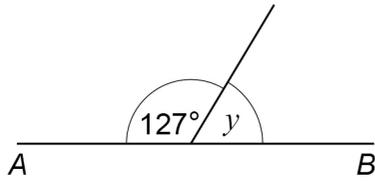
Work out the size of the third angle.

[1 mark]

$180 - 51 - 74 = 55$

Answer 55 [Ⓛ] degrees

12

 AB is a straight line.

Not drawn accurately

Is y half of x ?

Tick a box.

Yes

No

Show working to support your answer.

[3 marks]

$$y = 180^\circ - 127^\circ = 53^\circ \quad \checkmark \textcircled{1}$$

$$x = 360^\circ - 90^\circ - 163^\circ \\ = 107^\circ \quad \checkmark \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = \frac{107^\circ}{2} = 53.5^\circ \quad \checkmark \textcircled{1} \quad y \text{ is not half of } x.$$